Institute for Academic Leadership Department Chairs Workshop 2011

# The Essential Department Chair







# This Evening's Focus



#### Positive Academic Leadership

How to Stop Putting Out Fires and Start Making a Difference

#### Goals

- To explore the concept of positive academic leadership
- To introduce a few practical alternatives to common administrative practices
- To encourage you to develop your own strategies of positive academic leadership
- To learn how our results can be positive even when we're not feeling all that positive

## What Chairs Are Supposed To Do

Central Michigan University, 1 of 3

The Chairperson is the chief administrator of the department and the primary representative of the academic discipline to which he/she belongs. This places the Chairperson in the unique position of fulfilling administrative responsibilities assigned by the Dean and Provost, maintaining standards of the discipline, and meeting the professional expectations of the departmental faculty. Among the specific administrative duties for which the Chairperson is responsible and accountable are:

# What Chairs Are Supposed To Do

#### Central Michigan University, 2 of 3

- Communicating departmental needs and desires to the Dean and Provost;
- Communicating and interpreting College and University decisions to the faculty;
- Maintaining open lines of communication among specializations within the Department, and encouraging appropriate balance;
- Encouraging the development and improvement of the departmental curriculum, and seeing that the proper curriculum forms are submitted on schedule;
- Insuring the preparation of catalog information and schedules of class offerings in accordance with deadlines;



# What Chairs Are Supposed To Do

#### Central Michigan University, 3 of 3

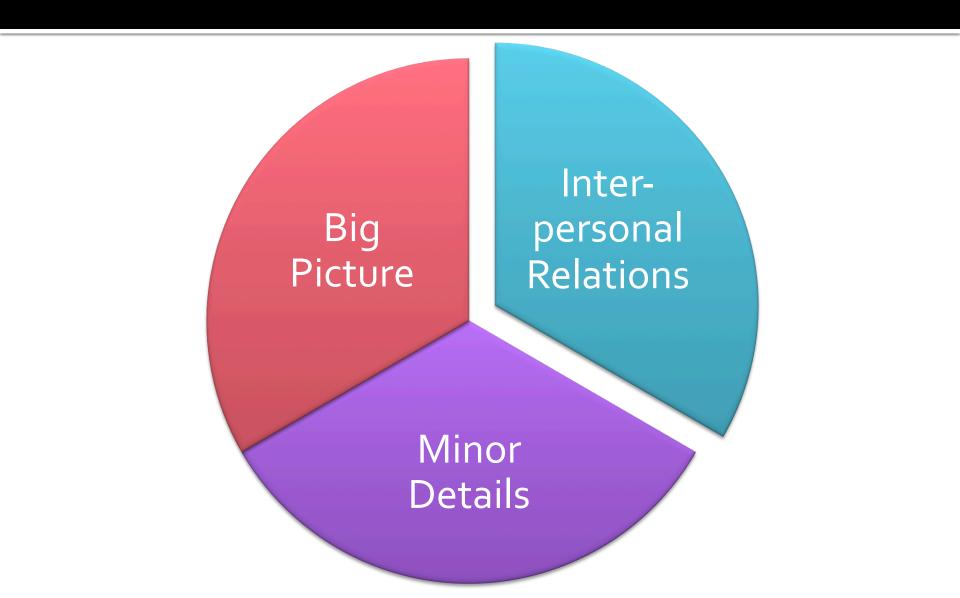


- Supervising the departmental budget, record keeping, and the requisition of supplies, equipment, materials, and other instructional needs;
- Developing and following procedures to assign faculty to classes, laboratories, studios, and other responsibilities;
- Reporting undesirable or potentially hazardous conditions with respect to the physical plant;
- Coordinating and supervising the departmental programs, reviews, accreditation and departmental evaluations, and other reviews; and



 Cooperating with departments, college, schools, and other units in the accomplishment of their tasks.

# **Aspects of Being a Chair**



#### The Result



So, how can we work more effectively to ...?

- Achieve more of our high priority goals?
- Lead our departments with greater vision?
- 3. Reduce our expanding workload?

# Positive Psychology

"... a change in the focus of psychology from preoccupation only with repairing the worst things in life to also building positive qualities."

Martin E.P. Seligman and Mihaly Csikszentmihalyi, "Positive Psychology," American Psychologist 55.1 (2000) 5

#### The Difference

#### **Traditional Approach**

- disease
- repair
- eliminating sadness
- bad → good
- reactive

#### **Positive Psychology**

- health
- improvement
- increasing happiness
- good → excellent
- → proactive

How might we apply a similar approach to academic leadership?

#### Two Resources

- Kaye A. Herth, "Hope-Centered Leadership in Practice," The Academic Leader 23.8 (August 2008) 4-5
- 2. Kina S. Mallard and Mark L. Sargent, "Joyful Chairing": a three-part series in *The Department Chair* 19.2-4 (fall 2008-spring 2009)

# Hope-Centered Leadership Kaye A. Herth



Developing a sense of hope: Positive perspective



Minimizing the factors that inhibit hope



Instilling a sense of hope in others

# A Case Study in Perspective

A faculty member who works in a very rare specialty comes to you on the day before classes begin for the term.

The faculty member has just been informed that he or she's been awarded a major, prestigious, international award.

The award will make the faculty member's career and bring an incredible amount of positive attention to the department and university.

**BUT** ...

## A Case Study in Perspective

The faculty member will need to leave immediately for at least one full year to meet the terms of the award, and you have no one else available to cover this professor's courses.

- Identify five reasons why this situation is a disaster.
- 2. Identify five ways in which this situation is a wonderful opportunity.

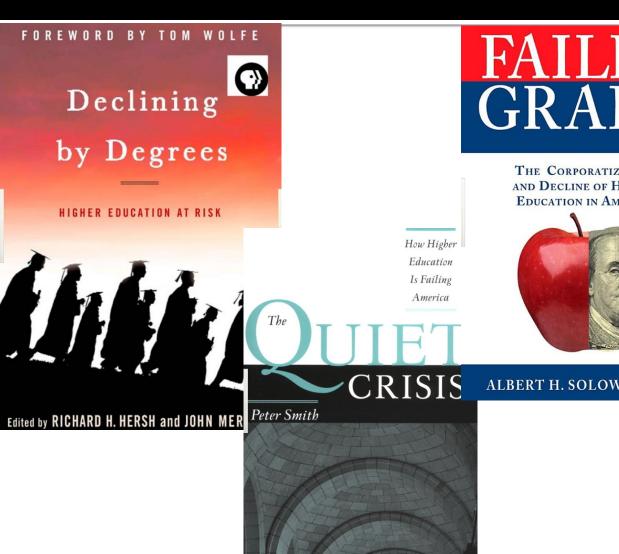
# Minimizing the Factors That Inhibit Hope: Crisis Leadership

#### Sherman's Lagoon, Jim Toomey



Fillmore (turtle)
Hawthorne (crab)

# The Crisis Industry



THE CORPORATIZATION AND DECLINE OF HIGHER **EDUCATION IN AMERICA** 



ALBERT H. SOLOWAY, Ph.D

#### **CRISIS** ON CAMPUS

Bold Plan for Reforming Our Colleges and Universities

Mark C. Taylor

### Not a Crisis; It's the Job

#### What your job is now

You can see it as ...

- hearing complaints
- absorbing frustration and hostility
- solving one problem after another

or as

→ making other people's dreams come true

### Instilling Positive Attitudes in Others

#### **A Thought Experiment**

In the hallway one day, you meet a new faculty member in your academic area. Even though you say no more than a <u>single sentence</u> in passing, how might you phrase your comments in such a way that:

- ... you absolutely destroy that person's morale and motivation (at least temporarily)?
- ... you positively increase that person's morale and motivation (at least temporarily)?

#### Instilling Hope in Others

"Hope encourages reaching out into the future and celebrating the small steps along the way" --Kaye Herth



•What professional experience of your life would you most want to re-live, if given the chance?

When you feel that you're lost ...
go back to the last place where you felt "found."

#### Instilling Hope in Others

"Hope encourages reaching out into the future and celebrating the small steps along the way" --Kaye Herth

Past

•What professional experience of your life would you most want to re-live, if given the chance?

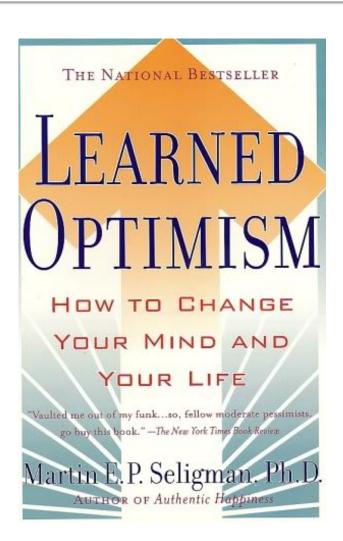
Present

•What do our <u>core values</u> tell us about the type of person we are? What do we love most in life, and what sort of things we should pursue in order to be happy and fulfilled?

Future

•How are you working towards what really makes you happy and fulfilled? If you feel you are moving away from this goal, how might you regain and redirect your focus?

# **Learned Optimism**



#### Setbacks and disappointments

- temporary
- manageable
- exceptional

#### Achievements and successes

- normal
- usual
- expected



# **Learned Optimism**

If You're Not Naturally an Optimist

What would an optimist do in this situation?



# **Developing Hope in Others**

- Tell me about three good things that happened today.
- How can we work together to put your core values into action <u>today</u>?
- What would it mean to you to make a real difference in our program?

### Putting Herth's Ideas into Practice

- Turn to someone near you.
- Each of you in turn will state a complaint, disappointment, problem, or frustration in your job right now.
- See if there's a way to shift perspective or reexamine the situation to regard it in a more positive manner.

# Resilience

Andrew Zolli at SACSCOC 2010



# Mallard and Sargent (2009) 3

Part 3 of 3-Part Series

The best chairs we have worked with are joy-filled chairs. They breathe excellence into their faculty and programs, they approach their jobs with a sense of purpose and respect for their faculty, they appreciate the uniqueness of their department members, and they are able to match faculty strengths with departmental needs.

# Mallard and Sargent's Elements

Sense of Purpose

Respect

Appreciate Uniqueness

Match Strengths with Needs

# Sense of Purpose

- your <u>own</u> core values
- philosophy of leadership
- mission and vision of the department
- constructive goal-setting

# Philosophy of Leadership

- What do you hope to achieve during your term as department chair?
- Why is that goal important to you?
- What does leadership mean to you?
- How would you like others to remember your leadership?

#### **Constructive Goals**

To Create a Clear Sense of Purpose The 3 P's



#### **Positive**

Less reactive.

More proactive.

#### Present

I will ...

lam...

#### Precise

Someday ...

By next fall ...

#### A Dream Is Just a Dream

#### A goal is a dream with a deadline.

Harvey Mackay

Swim With The Sharks Without Being Eaten Alive (2005) 57

# Example

#### **Typical Goal**

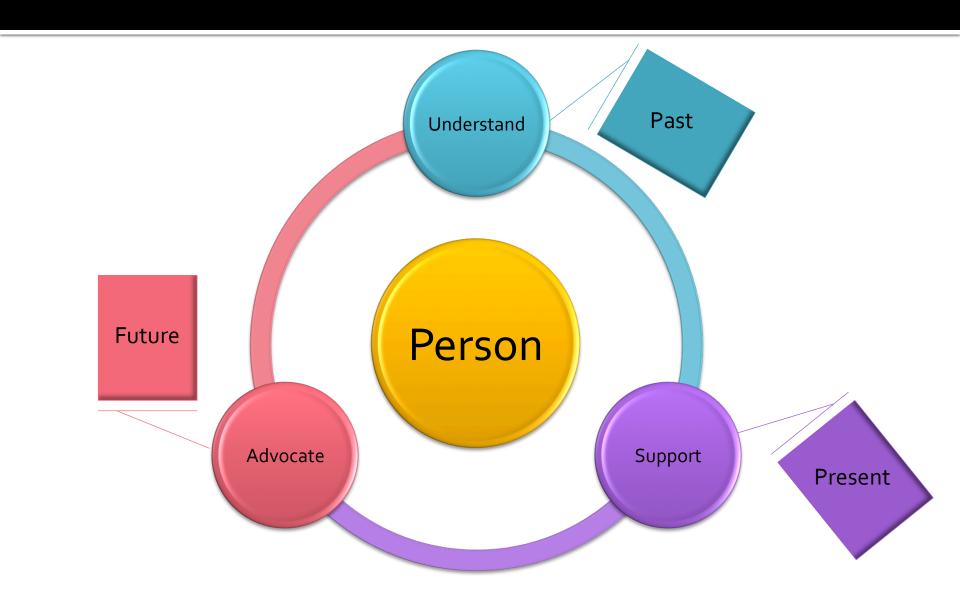
I wish our department would stop getting sidetracked by "ancient history" and minutiae at our faculty meetings.

Positive Present Precise

#### **Positive Leadership**

I'm preparing a more detailed agenda for today's curriculum meeting so that we spend the greatest amount of time on our highest priorities.

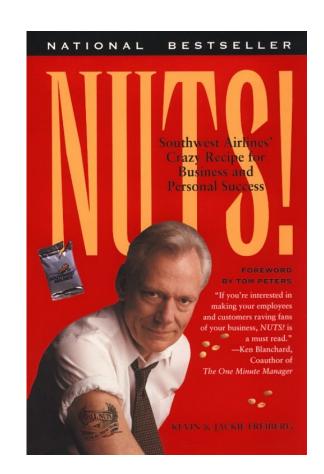
# Respect



#### Respect

#### **Invest in People**

- Students come second.
- 2. Attributes outrank surface credentials.
- 3. Celebration matters.
- 4. It's not just about salary.



#### **Motivational Factors**

From Carolyn Wiley. (1997). What motivates employees according to over 40 years of motivation surveys.

International Journal of Manpower. 18.3, 263.

# Wiley's Findings



#### **Morale and Motivation**

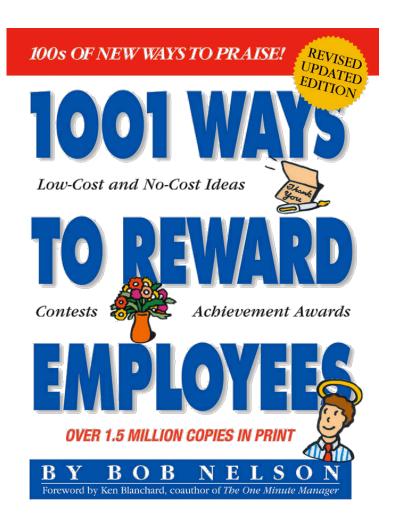
## Recognition

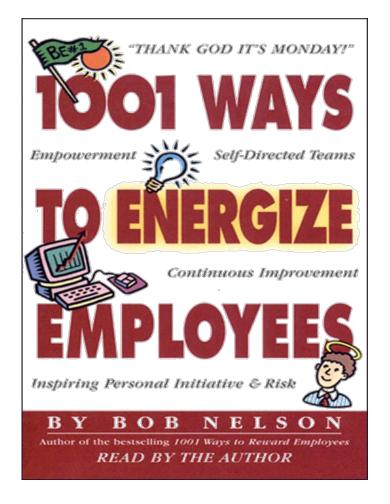
Intangible

### Reward

Tangible

#### Invest in People





#### The Recognition Gap

from Bob Nelson, 1001 Ways to Reward Employees New York, NY: Workman Publishing, 2005. p. 5

Bob Levoy, president of Success Dynamics, Inc., reports: "I've asked more than 2,500 doctors to rank on a scale of 1 to 5 (1 = never, 5 = always) the following statement: 'I let my employees know when they're doing a good job.' Their average response is 4.4. I then asked their staff members to rank this statement: 'The doctor lets me know when I'm doing a good job,' and their average response is only 1.7. This response between what doctors say they give and what employees say they get is often the underlying cause of employee resentment, diminished productivity, and turnover. This 'feedback gap' is present in almost every manager-employee relationship."

#### **Invest in People**

A Simple Way for Colleagues to Build Value in Each Other

Chair notes achievements (group and individual)

Members of the department invited to note one another's achievements

Members of the department invited to note their own achievements

#### **Invest in People**

Thanks, Praise, Recognition

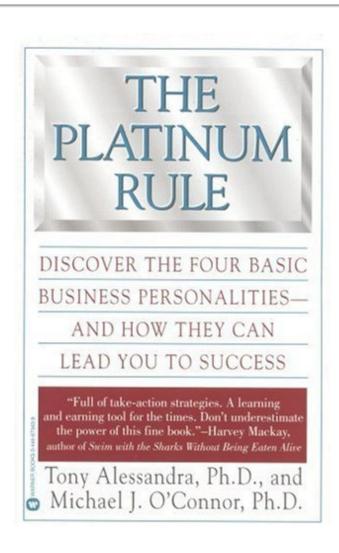
Faculty Monday Staff Tuesday Wednesday Students Thursday Donors Friday Others

#### Thank a Professor

- Web form
- → Letter or Certificate
- Names monthly on web



# Appreciate Uniqueness: The Golden Rule

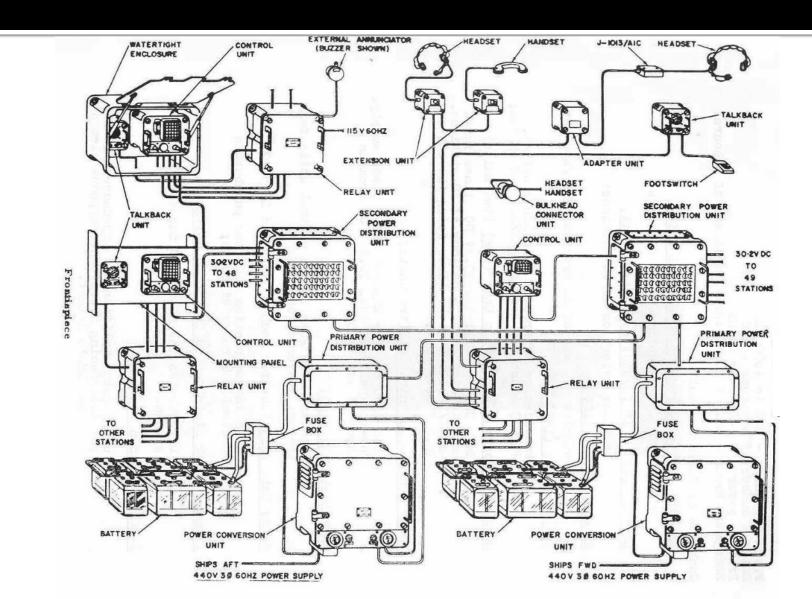


Tony Alessandra

#### **Appreciate Uniqueness**

- Remember that a department is a system.
- Not every member of a system has to do the same thing.
  - ✓ ecosystem
  - ✓ information system
  - ✓ the body as a complex system
- The goal is rather to build an effective unit in which all components function together effectively.

#### Systems



# Match Strengths with Needs Mentoring Strategies

#### The Institution

- General policies
- Resources
- Opportunities for development
- Opportunities for evaluation
- Criteria for evaluation

#### The Person

- Teaching
- Research
- Service/Academic citizenship
- Political environment
- Personal issues
- Career goals

### As a mentor you must have an:



Personnel Matters



Administrative Policy/ Procedure



Department or College Management

## For these areas of responsibility:



Research, grants, retention, promotion, sabbatical leave, investigations, grievances, termination



Hiring, evaluation, compensation, retention, leaves of absence, discipline



Program initiation, program review, program elimination, department meetings and governance, budget authority, contracting (supplies, events)



#### Managing the Process

#### Keep good notes

#### The value of notes:

- To remember what occurred
- To remember when it occurred
- To remember who was there

#### What should be in notes?

- Recording of issues
- Recording of agreements or decisions
- General impressions and conclusions

#### Should you retain your notes?

- Will they be converted to another form?
- Will you want a record?
- Would you mind if someone saw them?

- Take control of communication
  - Put communications in writing
  - Use instructional forms
  - Insist on a timely response
  - Indicate consequences
- Build a solid foundation
- Set concrete expectations and consequences
- Mean what you say
- Follow-through

## Case Study: Mentoring

Two faculty members report to you. One teaches courses that, by the very nature of the material, tend to be popular, well evaluated by peers, and conducive to the student's earning high grades. The other teaches courses, that by the nature of the material, tend to be resisted by students, regarded as problematic by peers, and often result in many students receiving low grades.

## Case Study: Mentoring

What <u>advice</u> might you give the faculty member whose courses are difficult and resisted?

How do you <u>evaluate</u> the teaching effectiveness of each professor fairly?

What are some of the <u>best practices</u> that can be used to measure the effectiveness of instruction while controlling for the difficulty or popularity of the course material?

#### The Best Summary of Positive Academic Leadership

Verse 17 of the Tao Te Ching

True leaders
are hardly known to their followers.
Next after them are the leaders
the people know and admire;
after them, those they fear;
after them, those they despise.

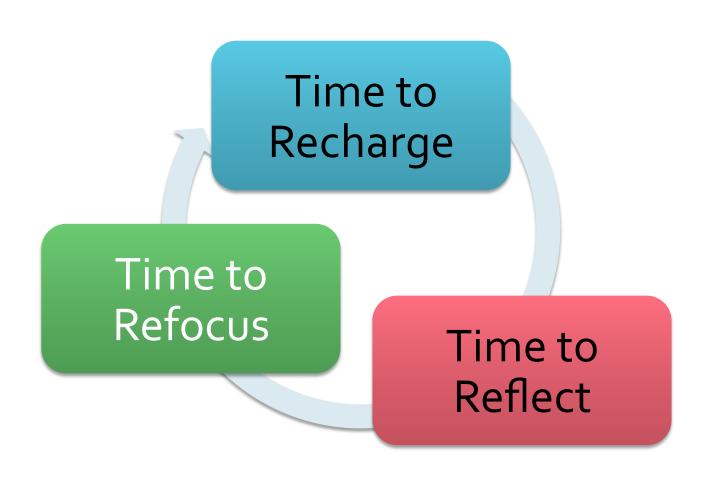
When the work's done right,
With no fuss or boasting,
Ordinary people say,
Oh, we did it.

To give no trust is to get no trust.

#### The Academic Leader as Conductor

The conductor is the only person in the orchestra who "doesn't make a sound. He depends for his power on his ability to make other people powerful."

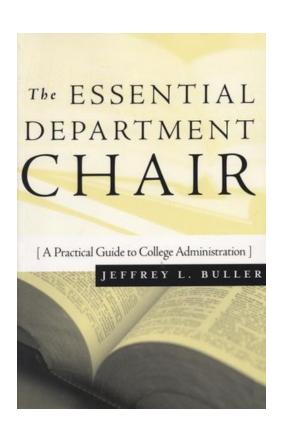
# Finally Positive Leaders Invest in Themselves

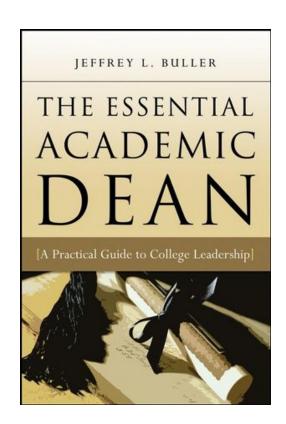


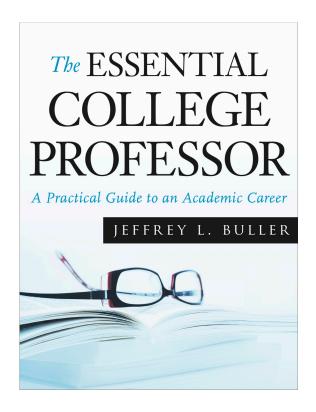
#### Resources

- J.L. Buller. (2009). "Positive Chairing: Moving from Solving Problems to Making a Lasting Difference," The Department Chair (fall 2009) 20.2, 8-10.
- Lucas, A. F. (1994). Strengthening departmental leadership: A team-building guide for chairs in colleges and universities. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.
- Wergin, Jon F. (2003). Departments that Work.
   Bolton, MA: Anker Publishing Company.

#### Please Remember

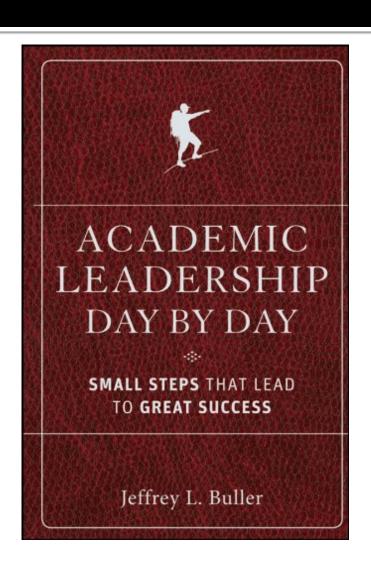






All published by Jossey-Bass.

#### Just Released



- One idea a day
- September to May
- Focused on positive chairing

# THARRIET L. WILKES CONSIGNATION OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

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